

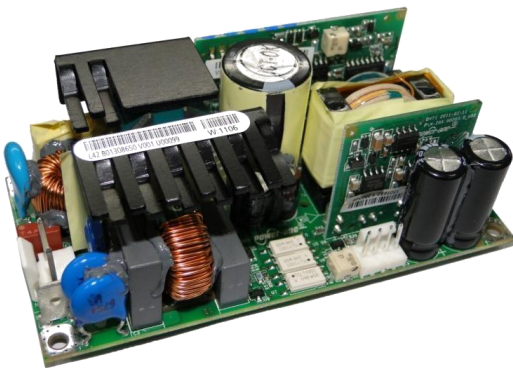
# ABC200 Series

## AC-DC Open Frame Power Supplies

ABC200 Series is a family of compact and efficient AC-DC power supplies suited for telecom datacom and many other industrial applications.

This family meets the international information technology safety standards with the CE-Mark for the European Low Voltage Directive (LVD).

Their high efficiency allows a very minimal power loss in end equipment, resulting in higher reliability, ease of thermal management and regulatory approvals for an environmentally friendly end product.



### Key Features & Benefits

- High Efficiency up to 91% at 230 VAC
- Universal AC Input Voltage Range: 90-264 VAC
- Active Power Factor Correction
- Over temperature, output overvoltage, overcurrent and short circuit protection
- Low Conducted and Radiated EMI (EN 55022 cl A)
- Safety approved to the latest edition of the following standards: CSA/UL60950-1, EN60950-1 and IEC60950-1
- High Power Density Design: 15 W/in<sup>3</sup>
- Compact Size: 2.0 (W) x 4.0 (L) x 1.5 (H) inches
- RoHS Compliant
- CE Marked

### Applications

- Industrial Applications
- Telecom
- Datacom

## 1. MODEL SELECTION

MODEL	INPUT VOLTAGE	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	NOM OUTPUT CURRENT	# OF OUTPUTS	OUTPUT POWER
ABC200-1012G	90 – 264 VAC	12 VDC	15 A	1	200 W
ABC200-1024G	90 – 264 VAC	24 VDC	8.5 A	1	200 W
ABC200-1048G	90 – 264 VAC	48 VDC	4.2 A	1	200 W

## 2. OVERVIEW

The ABC200-10XXG is a high efficiency and high power With 1 m/s system air cooling, the ABC200-1012G can density AC to DC power supply. It incorporates boundary deliver up to 180 W continuous output power, and 204W for conduction mode (BCM) PFC converter and soft-switching ABC200-1024G and the ABC200-1048G. LLC converter, providing increased system reliability and high efficiency.

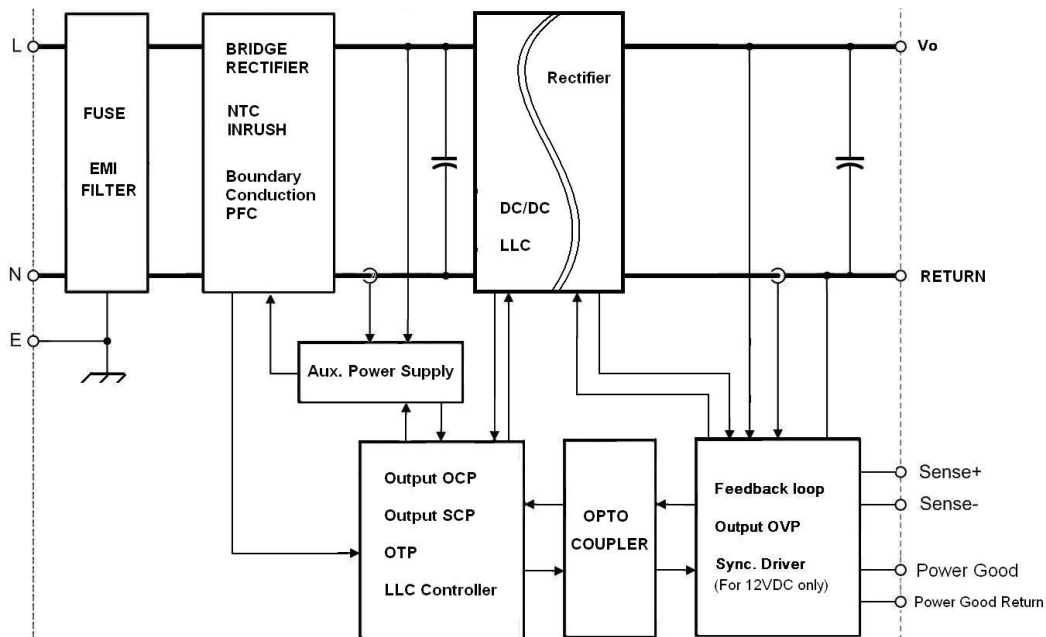


Figure 1. ABC200-10XXG block diagram

## 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings may cause performance degradation, adversely affect long-term reliability, and cause permanent damage to the supply.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$V_{I\max}$	Max Continuous Input			264	VAC
	Transient, 60 ms			300	VAC

## 4. INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

General Condition:  $T_A = -10 \dots 50 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted. Active fan air cooling required: 200 LFM (1 m/s)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$V_{nom}$	Nominal Input Voltage	100		240	VAC
$V_I$	Input Voltage Ranges	Normal operating ( $V_{Imin}$ to $V_{Imax}$ )		264	VAC
$I_{max}$	Max Input Current	At 90 VAC input and max rating		2.75	A <sub>rms</sub>
$I_p$	Inrush Current Limitation	$V_{nom} = 115 \text{ VAC}$ , $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Figure 2) $V_{nom} = 230 \text{ VAC}$ , $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Figure 3)		40 80	A <sub>p</sub>
$f_i$	Input Frequency	47	50/60	63	Hz
PF	Power Factor	Normal input, half load and above		0.9	
$V_{on}$	Turn-On Input Voltage <sup>1</sup>	Ramping up		85	VAC
$V_{off}$	Turn-Off Input Voltage <sup>1</sup>	Ramping down		80	VAC
$\eta$	Efficiency	$V_{nom} = 230 \text{ VAC}$ , $0.5 \cdot I_{o nom}$ , $V_o nom$ , $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		89	%
		$V_{nom} = 230 \text{ VAC}$ , $1.0 \cdot I_{o nom}$ , $V_o nom$ , $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		91	
$T_{hold}$	Hold-Up Time	After last AC zero point, $V_o$ within regulation, $V_i = 115 \text{ VAC}$ , $P_o nom$		10	ms

1) The power supply is provided with the hysteresis loop (about 4.5V) during turn-on and turn-off within the ranges.

### 4.1 INPUT FUSE

A slow-blow 5A input fuse (5 × 20 mm) in series with live line inside the power supply protects against severe defects. The fuse and a VDR form together with the input filter an effective protection against high input transients.

### 4.2 INRUSH CURRENT

The AC-DC power supply exhibits an X-capacitance of only about 1.0  $\mu\text{F}$ , resulting in a low and short peak current, when the supply is connected to the mains. The internal bulk capacitor will be charged through a NTC resistor which will limit the inrush current (see Figure 2 and 3).

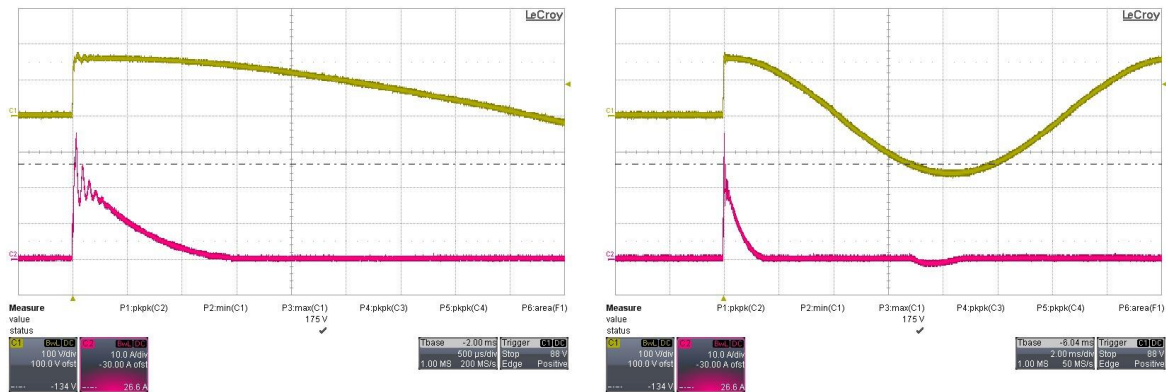


Figure 2. Inrush current,  $V_{in} = 115\text{Vac}$ ,  $90^\circ$  CH1:  $V_{in}$  (100V/div), CH2:  $I_{in}$  (10A/div)

<sup>1</sup> The power supply is provided with the hysteresis loop (about 4.5V) during turn-on and turn-off within the ranges.

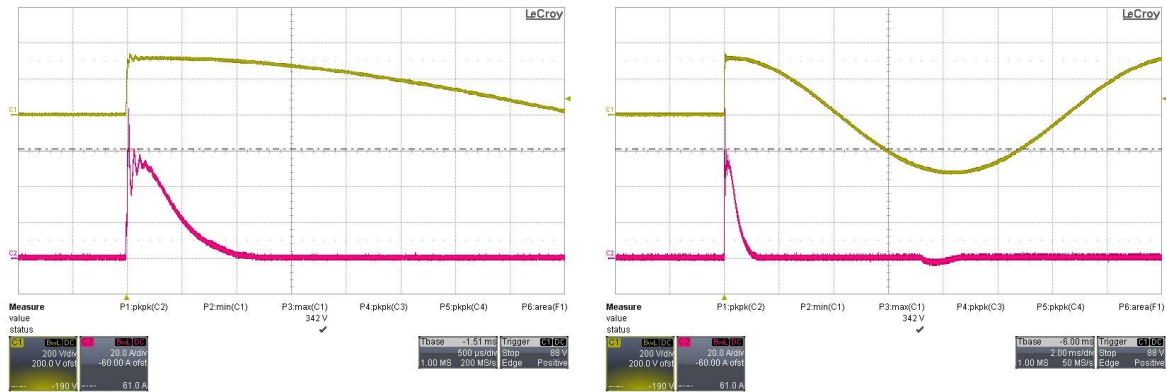


Figure 3. Inrush current,  $V_{in} = 230Vac$ ,  $90^\circ$  CH1:  $V_{in}$  (200V/div), CH2:  $I_{in}$  (20A/div)

### 4.3 INPUT UNDER-VOLTAGE

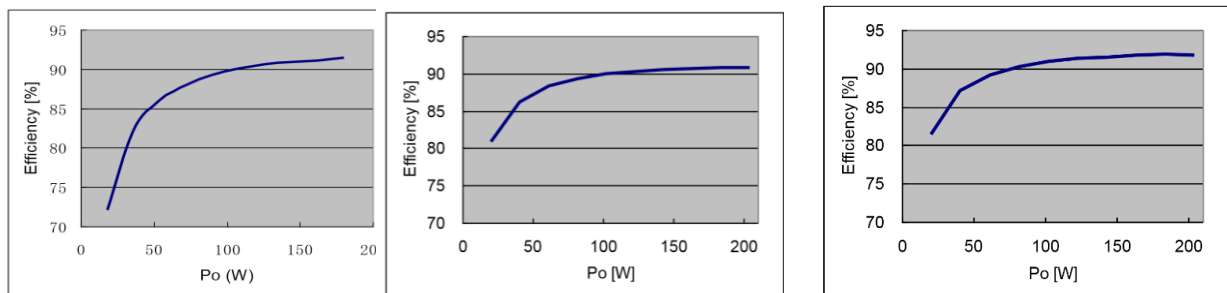
If the sinusoidal input voltage stays below the input under voltage lockout threshold  $V_{on}$ , the supply will be inhibited. Once the input voltage returns within the normal operating range, the supply will return to normal operation again.

### 4.4 POWER FACTOR CORRECTION

Power factor correction (PFC) is achieved by controlling the input current waveform synchronously with the input voltage. A specified PFC controller is implemented in the boundary conduction mode topology giving outstanding PFC results over a wide input voltage and load ranges. The input current will follow the shape of the input voltage.

### 4.5 EFFICIENCY

The high efficiency (see Figure 4) is achieved by using softs switching LLC technology with boundary conduction mode PFC topology minimizing switching losses. Synchronous rectifiers on the output reduce the losses in the high current A Schottky or ultra fast diode is used as the rectifier in the output path for ABC200-1012G. ABC200-1024G and ABC200-1048G because of the high output voltage level.



Efficiency vs. Output Power at 230VAC, ABC200-1012G Efficiency vs. Output Power at 230VAC, ABC200-1024G

Efficiency vs. Output Power at 230VAC, ABC200-1048G

Figure 4. Efficiency Curves

## 5 OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

General Condition:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+50^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted. Derate linearly from  $50^\circ\text{C}$  to 50% at  $70^\circ\text{C}$ .  
Active fan air cooling required: 200 LFM (1 m/s).

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Main Output $V_o$							
$V_o$	Nominal Output Voltage	$0.5 \cdot I_o, T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$	ABC200-1012G		12.0		VDC
			ABC200-1024G		24.0		
			ABC200-1048G		48.0		
$V_o$ set	Output Setpoint Accuracy	$0.5 \cdot I_o, T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	ABC200-1012G	11.95		12.05	VDC
			ABC200-1024G	23.90		24.10	
			ABC200-1048G	47.80		48.20	
$P_o$	Nominal Output Power		ABC200-1012G		180		W
			ABC200-1024G		204		W
			ABC200-1048G		204		W
$I_o$	Nominal Output Current		ABC200-1012G		13	15	ADC
			ABC200-1024G		7.5	8.5	ADC
			ABC200-1048G		3.5	4.25	ADC
$V_o$ ripple	Output Ripple & Noise	$V_o$ nom, $I_o$ nom, 20 MHz BW	ABC200-1012G			120	mV
			ABC200-1024G			240	mV
			ABC200-1048G			480	mV
d $V_o$	Load Regulation	$I = I$ nom, 0 - 100 % $I_o$ nom,	ABC200-1012G		60	120	mV
			ABC200-1024G		120	240	mV
			ABC200-1048G		240	480	mV
d $I$ Line	Line Regulation	$I = I$ min... $I$ max,	ABC200-1012G		12	120	mV
			ABC200-1024G		24	240	mV
			ABC200-1048G		96	480	mV
d $V_{\text{dyn}}$	Dynamic Load Regulation	$\Delta I_o = 50\% I_{o \text{ nom}},$ $I_o = 50 \dots 100\% I_o \text{ max},$ $dI_o/dt = 1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s},$ recovery within 5% of $V_{o \text{ nom}}$	ABC200-1012G			0.6	VDC
			ABC200-1024G			1.2	VDC
			ABC200-1048G			2.4	VDC
$T_{\text{rec}}$	Recovery Time		ABC200-10XXG			2	ms
$t_{\text{Delay}}$	Turn On Delay Time	See Figure 5 and Figure 6		0	1.5	2.5	sec
$t_{\text{rise}}$	Rise Time	$V_o = 10 \dots 90\% V_{o \text{ nom}}$ (see Figure 10) Note: For ABC200-1048G, maximum rise time is 30 ms				20	ms
$C_{\text{Load}}$	Capacitive Loading	$T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	ABC200-1012G			3300	$\mu\text{F}$
			ABC200-1024G			1800	$\mu\text{F}$
			ABC200-1048G			1000	$\mu\text{F}$

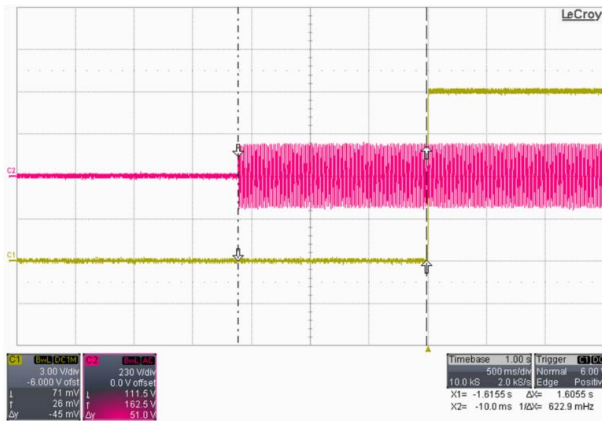


Figure 5. Turn-On AC Line 115 VAC, full load (500 ms/div)  
CH1: VO (3 V/div) CH2: Vin (230 V/div)

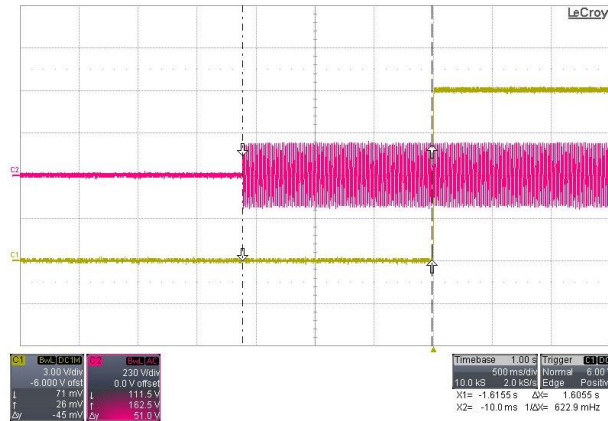


Figure 6. Turn-On AC Line 230 VAC, full load (500 ms/div)  
CH1: VO (3 V/div) CH2: Vin (350 V/div)

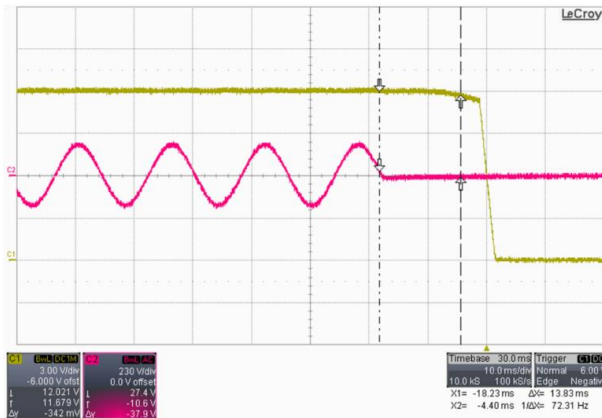


Figure 7. Turn-Off AC Line 115 VAC, full load (10 ms/div)  
CH1: VO (3 V/div) CH2: Vin (230 V/div)

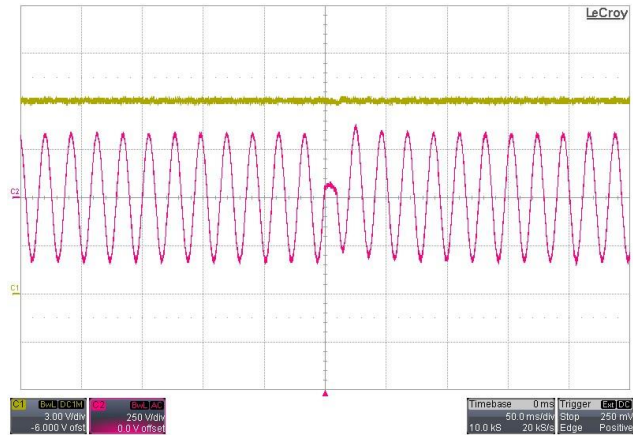


Figure 8. AC drop out 10ms (50 ms/div)  
CH1: VO (3 V/div) CH2: Vin (250 V/div)

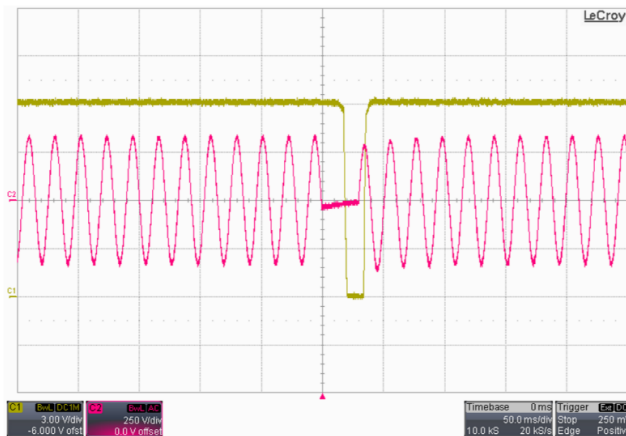


Figure 9. AC drop out 30ms (50 ms/div), VO restart  
CH1: VO (3 V/div) CH2: Vin (250 V/div)

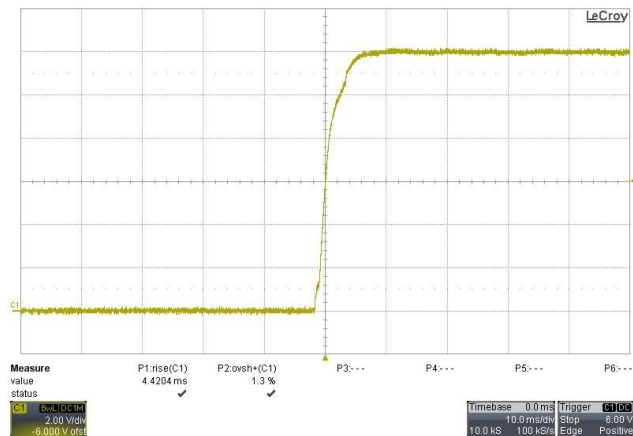


Figure 10. VO rise time at 115VAC CH1: VO (2 V/div)



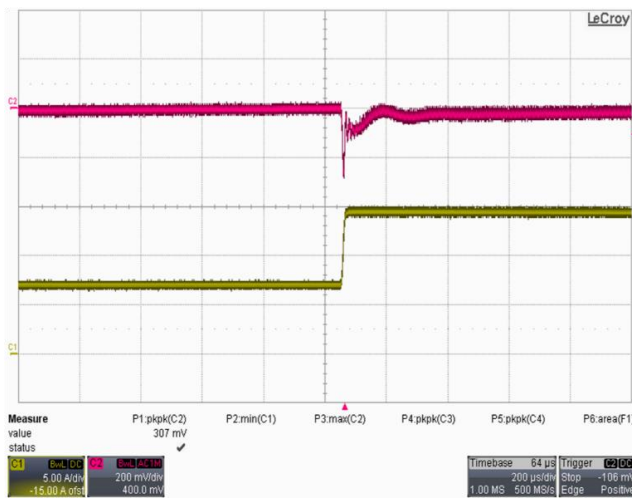


Figure 11. Load transient VO, 7.5A to 15A (200  $\mu$ s/div), CH1: IO (5 A/div) CH2: VO (200 mV/div)

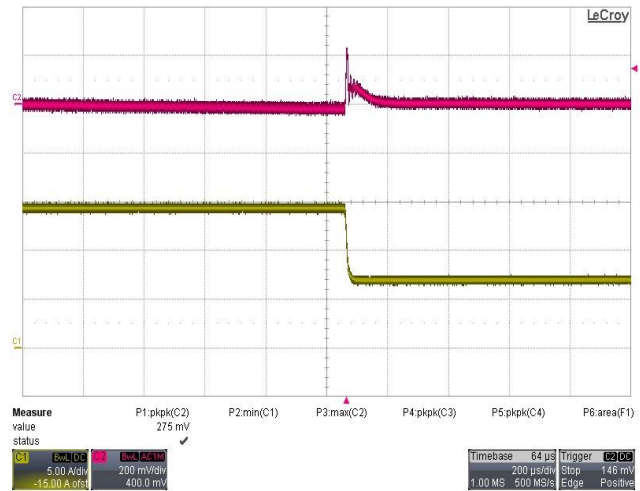


Figure 12. Load transient VO, 15A to 7 A (200  $\mu$ s/div) CH1: IO (5 A/div) CH2: VO (200 mV/div)

## 6 ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$T_A$	Ambient temperature	$V_{Imin}$ to $V_{Imax}$ , $I_{Onom}$ , $I_{SBnom}$		+50	°C
$T_{Aext}$	Extended temp range	Derated output		+70	°C
$T_S$	Storage temperature	Non-operational		+85	°C

## 7 PROTECTION

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$F$	Input Fuses Rating	Not user accessible, time lag characteristic				5.0	A
$V_{O\,ov}$	OV Trigger Point		ABC200-1012G	14.0	15.0	16.0	VDC
			ABC200-1024G	28.0	30.0	32.0	VDC
			ABC200-1048G	53.0	55.0	57.0	VDC
$I_{o\,lim}$	Current Limit	$V > 90\,VAC, -10\,^{\circ}C < T_a < 50\,^{\circ}C$					
			ABC200-1012G		18.0		A
			ABC200-1024G		9.0		A
			ABC200-1048G		4.5		A
$T_{SD}$	Over Temperature on Heat Sinks	Automatic shut-down, automatic recovery after cool down.				105	$^{\circ}C$

## 7.1 OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION

The AC-DC power supply provides a fixed threshold overvoltage (OV) protection implemented with a HW comparator. Once an OV condition has been triggered, the supply will shut down and latch the fault condition. The latch can be unlocked by disconnecting the supply from the AC mains only.

## 7.2 CURRENT LIMITATION

The main output current limitation will decrease with linear derating to 50% at 70 °C if the ambient (inlet) temperature increases beyond 50 °C (see Figure 13).

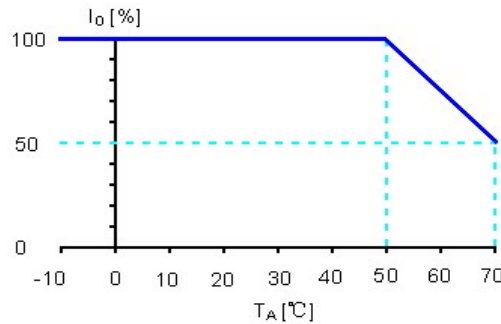
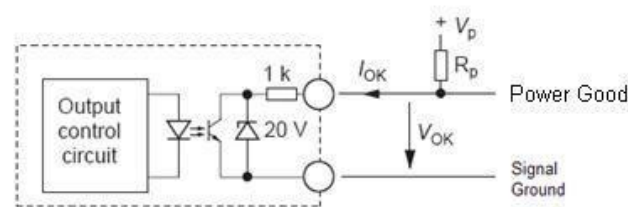


Figure 13. Output Current Capacity Derating

## 8 POWER GOOD SIGNAL

The Out-OK output gives a status indication of the converter and the output voltages. It can be used for control functions such as data protection, central system monitoring or as a part of a self-testing system. Connecting the Out-OK as shown in Figure 14,  $V_{OK} < 1.0$  V indicates the output voltage(s) of the converter are within the range.

Note: Using the potentiometer, the monitor level tracks the programmed output voltage. In an error condition, if the output voltage is out of range due to overload or an external over voltage,  $V_{OK}$  will approach  $V_p$ . The output is *Figure 14: Power Good signal* formed by an NPN transistor. The signal is isolated from the output.



O/P V OK - Signal Low, Opto conducting, (max sink current 0.5 mA)

O/P V Bad - Signal High, Opto open, (max leakage current 25  $\mu$ A)

Figure 14. Power Good signal



## 9 ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY

### 9.1 IMMUNITY

**NOTE:** Most of the immunity requirements are derived from EN 55024:1998/A2:2003.

TEST	STANDARD / DESCRIPTION	CRITERIA
ESD Contact Discharge	EN 61000-4-2, Level 2	A
RF Susceptibility	EN 61000-4-3, Level 3	A
Fast Transient/Burst	EN 61000-4-4, Level 3	B
Surge	EN 61000-4-5, Class 3	B
RF Conducted Immunity	EN 61000-4-6, Class 3	A
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	EN 61000-4-11	C
Magnetic Fields	EN 61000-4-8, Level 3	A

### 9.2 EMISSION

TEST	STANDARD / DESCRIPTION	CRITERIA
Conducted Emission	EN55022 / CISPR 22: 0.15 ... 30 MHz, QP and AVG, single unit	Class A
Radiated Emission	EN55022 / CISPR 22: 30 MHz ... 1 GHz, QP, single unit	Class A
Harmonic Emissions	IEC61000-3-2, Vin = 100 VAC/ 60 Hz, 100% Load	Class A
	IEC61000-3-2, Vin = 240 VAC/ 50 Hz, 100% Load	Class A
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker	EN61000-3-3	PASS

## 10 SAFETY SPECIFICATIONS

Maximum electric strength testing is performed in the factory according to IEC/EN 60950, and UL 60950. Input-to-output electric strength tests should not be repeated in the field. Bel Power Solutions will not honor any warranty claims resulting from electric strength field tests.

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION / CONDITIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Safety Approvals	Safety approved to the latest edition of the following standards: CSA/UL60950-1, EN60950-1 and IEC60950-1. CE Mark for LVD CB Approval				
Insulation Safety Rating	Input / Case		Basic		
	Input / Output		Reinforced		
	Output / Case		Functional		
dc Creepage / Clearance	Primary (L/N) to protective earth (PE)		According to		mm
	Primary to secondary		safety standard		mm
Electrical Strength Test	Input to case		2121		VDC
	Input to output		4242		VDC
	Output and Signals to case		500		VDC

## 11 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Dimensions	Width		50.8		mm
	Height		36.6		mm
	Depth		101.6		mm
M Weight			0.2		kg

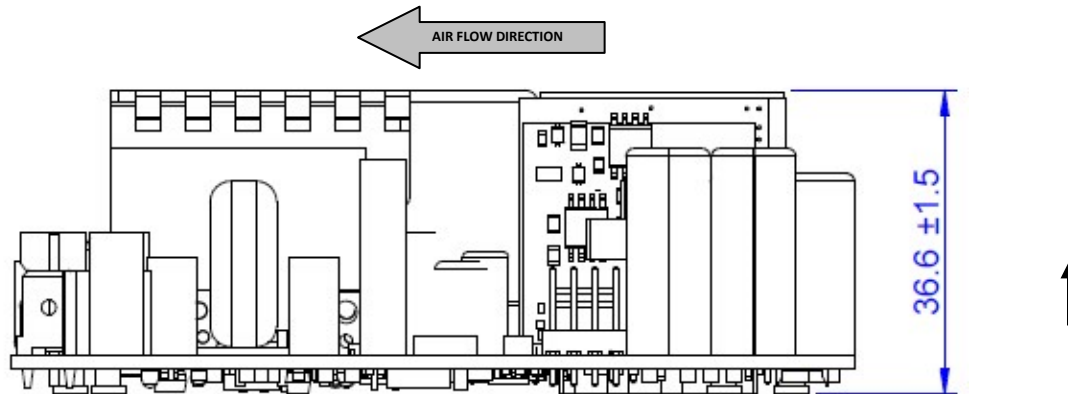


Figure 15. Side view 1

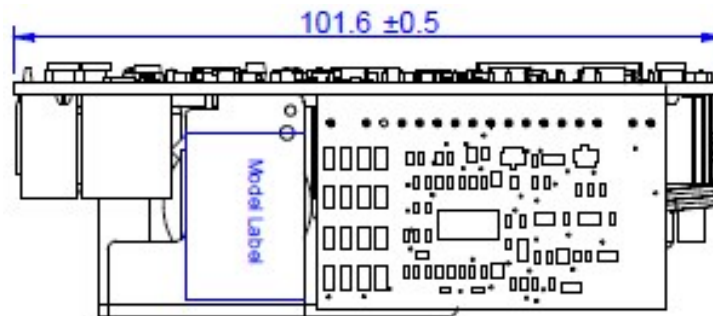


Figure 16. Side view 2

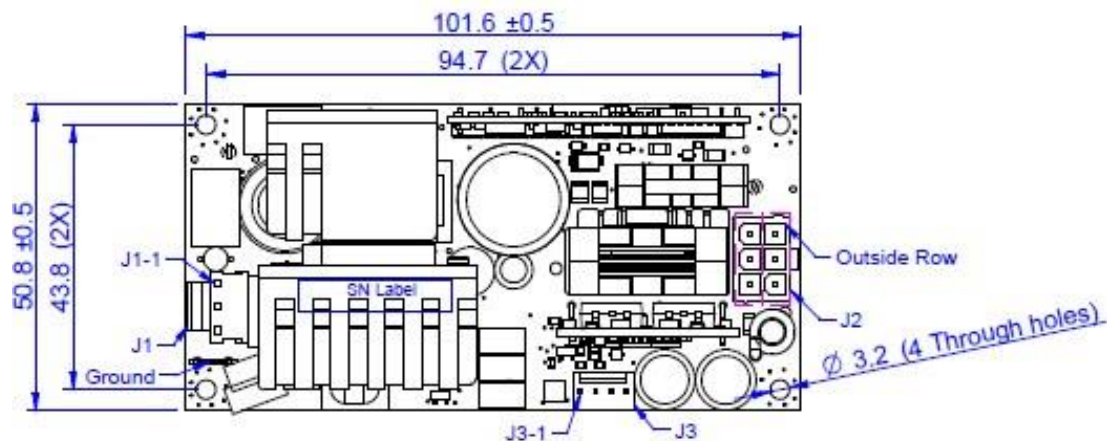


Figure 17. Top view

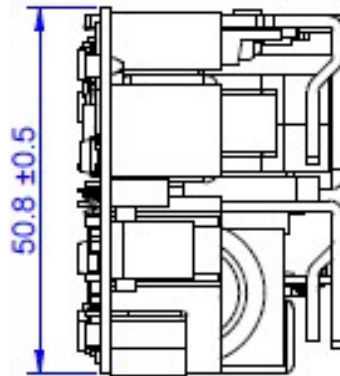


Figure 18. Front view

**NOTE:** A 3D step file of the power supply casing is available on request.

## 12 CONNECTIONS

PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION
<b>Input J1</b>		
J1-1	Live	AC Input Live
J1-2	NA	NA
J1-3	Neutral	AC Input Neutral
<b>Output J2</b>		
Pin 1-3(Insider Row)	-Vo	+12V / +24V / +48V output return
Pin 4-6(Outside Row)	+Vo	+12V / +24V / +48V output
<b>Signal J3</b>		
J3-1	Power Good RTN	Power OK signal output return
J3-2	Power Good	Power OK signal output
J3-3	Vo Sense +	Main output positive sense
J3-4	Vo Sense -	Main output negative sense

**For more information on these products consult: [tech.support@psbel.com](mailto:tech.support@psbel.com)**

**NUCLEAR AND MEDICAL APPLICATIONS** - Products are not designed or intended for use as critical components in life support systems, equipment used in hazardous environments, or nuclear control systems.

**TECHNICAL REVISIONS** - The appearance of products, including safety agency certifications pictured on labels, may change depending on the date manufactured. Specifications are subject to change without notice.